



شیرابه می‌باشد. خصوصاً در تصفیه فنتون در مقایسه با فیلتراسیون غشایی و سایر فرآیندهای جداسازی، بجای انتقال آلاند از یک فاز به فاز دیگر، ماده شیمیایی تخریب می‌گردد. از همه مهمتر ایست که هزینه‌های سرمایه‌گذاری تصفیه فنتون می‌تواند بسیار کمتر از سایر فرآیندهای اکسیداسیون پیشرفت‌به باشد. تصفیه فنتون نیاز به انرژی کمی دارد و هزینه‌های بهره‌برداری نیز اصولاً بستگی به غلظت معرفها خواهد داشت.

تشکر و قدردانی

بدینوسیله از معاونت تحقیقات و فناوری دانشگاه علوم پزشکی مازندران در تامین هزینه این تحقیق طی طرح تحقیقاتی به شماره ۸۸-۸ قدردانی می‌گردد.

در عمل، انتخاب یک طرح مناسب برای تصفیه شیرابه توسط فنتون فرآیندی پیچیده است که توجه به بسیاری از عوامل وابسته نظری بازدهی تصفیه موردنیاز، دفع نهایی، هزینه‌های سرمایه‌گذاری و بهره‌برداری، و پیچیدگی عملیاتی را می‌طلبد. واکنش فنتون می‌تواند بطور موثری جهت تصفیه شیرابه محل دفن بکار رود و مخصوصاً می‌تواند برای شیرابه بالغ مناسب باشد. فرآیندهای فنتون جهت تصفیه شیرابه با سمیت بالا قابل کاربرد بوده و بطور قابل توجهی سینتیک‌های سریعتری را در مقایسه با فرآیندهای تصفیه بیولوژیکی ارائه می‌دهد. همچنین تصفیه فنتون در مقایسه با سایر تکنولوژی‌های فیزیکی / شیمیایی شامل انعقاد و جذب سطحی کربن فعال، بطور قابل توجهی دارای بازدهی بالاتری جهت حذف ترکیبات آلی موجود در

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Evaluation of the Different Fenton Processes Combined with Coagulation- Flocculation Pretreatment in Landfill Leachate Treatment

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Abstract

Background: Advanced oxidation processes such as Fenton and photo-Fenton that have been applied effectively to oxide the persistent organic compounds in leachate and converts them to unharful materials and final products. However, there are a few data about application of Fenton-like process in leachate treatment. Therefore, the aim of this study was to treat the municipal landfill leachate by above processes..

Methods: This study was an experimental study that was conducted with set up a pilot system. The used leachate collected from a municipal unsanitary landfill of Qaem-shahr city that located in Mazandaran province. All examinations and samples were analyzed according to Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater.

Results: The results showed that the conventional coagulation & flocculation process with chloride ferric removed about 45% of COD in optimum conditions. The combining of pretreatment with AOPs significantly increased removal efficiency so that the removal efficiency COD for Fenton, photo-Fenton and modified fenton processes was 89, 85.45 and 81.82 percent in the same conditions, respectively. After all processes, the biodegradability (BOD_5/COD ratio) of treated leachate compared to raw leachate was increased and the highest increasing of BOD_5/COD ratio was in the photo-Fenton process.

Conclusion: The efficiency of the Fenton-like process is less than Fenton and photo-Fenton processes. Instead, the Fenton-like process was done at the higher pH and will not have these problems.

Keywords: leachate treatment, advanced oxidation processes, photo-Fenton, Fenton, Fenton-like, landfill